canines, its heavy molars, its short smooth-edged interorbital

space, and widely expanded zygomata.

Mr. Hall is to be congratulated on the very interesting discovery he has made, and I have much pleasure in connecting his name with the species.

XII.—A new Bat of the Genus Promops from Peru. By OLDFIELD THOMAS.

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The British Museum owes to Mr. J. F. Davison, the donor and collector of several interesting European voles described by Mr. Gerrit Miller, two bats of the genus *Promops* recently captured by him at Chosica, Penn. They belong to the genus *Promops*, of which I gave a short classification in 1915, but are not assignable to any species there recognized. The new form may be called—

Promops davisoni, sp. n.

Size intermediate between *P. occultus* and *P. fosteri*, both of Paraguay. Colour dark chocolate-brown, with lighter bases to the hairs, very much as in *P. fosteri*. Wings as long as in *P. occultus*.

Skull smaller than that of *P. occultus*, of about the same proportions; larger than that of *P. fosteri*, the brain-case

not so unusually swollen as in that species.

Forearm of type 51.5 mm.; third metacarpal 55 mm.

Skull: greatest length 19.2; condyle to front of canine 17.6; maxillary tooth-row 7.4; m^1 and m^2 on outer edge 3.8.

Hab. Department of Lima, Peru. Type from Chosica,

2700'.

Type. Adult male. B.M. no. 21. 5. 21. 1. Original number 207. Collected 3rd March, 1921, and presented by J. F.

Davison, Esq. Two specimens.

The species of *Promops* being mainly determinable by the dimensions of their skulls and teeth, this new species may be readily distinguished by the measurements above given. No member of the genus as now restricted has been previously recorded from Peru.

^{*} Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xvi. p. 61.